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RFC 9100

Sensor Measurement Lists (SenML) Features and Versions

Abstract

This short document updates RFC 8428, "Sensor Measurement Lists (SenML)", by specifying the use of independently selectable "SenML Features" and mapping them to SenML version numbers.

Status of This Memo

This is an Internet Standards Track document.

This document is a product of the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF). It represents the consensus of the IETF community. It has received public review and has been approved for publication by the Internet Engineering Steering Group (IESG). Further information on Internet Standards is available in Section 2 of RFC 7841.

Information about the current status of this document, any errata, and how to provide feedback on it may be obtained at <https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc9100>.

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1. Introduction

The Sensor Measurement Lists (SenML) specification [[RFC8428](#)] provides a version number that is initially set to 10, without further specification on the way to make use of different version numbers.

The common idea of using a version number to indicate the evolution of an interchange format generally assumes an incremental progression of the version number as the format accretes additional features over time. However, in the case of SenML, it is expected that the likely evolution will be for independently selectable capability *features* to be added to the basic specification that is indicated by version number 10. To support this model, this document repurposes the single version number accompanying a pack of SenML records so that it is interpreted as a bitmap that indicates the set of features a recipient would need to have implemented to be able to process the pack.

This short document specifies the use of SenML Features and maps them to SenML version number space, updating [[RFC8428](#)].

1.1. Terminology

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "NOT RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in BCP 14 [RFC2119] [RFC8174] when, and only when, they appear in all capitals, as shown here.

Where bit arithmetic is explained, this document uses the notation familiar from the programming language C [C], including the 0b prefix for binary numbers defined in Section 5.13.2 of the C++ language standard [CPLUSPLUS], except that superscript notation (example for two to the power of 64: 2^{64}) denotes exponentiation; in the plain text version of this document, superscript notation is rendered in paragraph text by C-incompatible surrogate notation as seen in this example, and in display math by a crude plain text representation, as is the sum (Sigma) sign.

2. Feature Codes and the Version Number

The present specification defines "SenML Features", each identified by a "feature name" (a text string) and a "feature code" (an unsigned integer less than 53).

The specific version of a SenML pack is composed of a set of features. The SenML version number (bver field) is then a bitmap of these features represented as an unsigned integer, specifically the sum of, for each feature present, two taken to the power of the feature code of that feature (Figure 1).

$$version = \sum_{fc=0}^{52} present(fc) \cdot 2^{fc}$$

Figure 1: Feature Bitmap as a Sum (Sigma Symbol) of Feature Bits

where present(fc) is 1 if the feature with the feature code fc is present, 0 otherwise. (The expression 2^{fc} can be implemented as `1 << fc` in C and related languages.)

2.1. Discussion

Representing features as a bitmap within a number is quite efficient as long as feature codes are sparingly allocated (see also Section 6).

Compatibility with the existing SenML version number, 10 decimal (0b1010), requires reserving four of the least significant bit positions for the base version as described in Section 3. There is an upper limit to the range of the integer numbers that can be represented in all SenML representations: practical JSON limits this to $2^{53}-1$ [RFC7493]. This means the feature codes 4 to 52 are available, one of which is taken by the feature defined in Section 4, leaving 48 for allocation. (The current version 10 (with all other feature codes unset) can be visualized as

4. Feature: Secondary Units

The feature "Secondary Units" (code number 4) indicates that secondary unit names [RFC8798] **MAY** be used in the "u" field of SenML records in addition to the primary unit names already allowed by [RFC8428].

Note that the most basic use of this feature simply sets the SenML version number to 26 ($10 + 2^4$).

5. Security Considerations

The security considerations of [RFC8428] apply. This specification provides structure to the interpretation of the SenML version number, which poses no additional security considerations except for some potential for surprise that version numbers do not simply increase linearly.

6. IANA Considerations

IANA has created a new "SenML Features" subregistry within the "Sensor Measurement Lists (SenML)" registry [IANA.SENML] with the registration policy "Specification Required" [RFC8126] and the columns:

- Feature Code (an unsigned integer less than 53)
- Feature Name (text)
- Reference

To facilitate the use of feature names in programs, the designated expert is requested to ensure that feature names are usable as identifiers in most programming languages, after lowercasing the feature name in the registry entry and replacing blank space with underscores or hyphens, and that they also are distinct in this form.

The initial content of this registry is as follows:

Feature Code	Feature Name	Reference
0	Reserved0	[RFC9100]
1	Reserved1	[RFC9100]
2	Reserved2	[RFC9100]
3	Reserved3	[RFC9100]
4	Secondary Units	[RFC9100] [RFC8798]

Table 1: Features Defined for SenML at the Time of Writing

As the number of features that can be registered has a hard limit (48 codes left at the time of writing), the designated expert is specifically instructed to maintain a frugal regime of code point allocation, keeping code points available for SenML Features that are likely to be useful for non-trivial subsets of the SenML ecosystem. Quantitatively, the expert could, for instance, steer the allocation to a target of not allocating more than 10% of the remaining set per year.

Where the specification of the feature code is provided in a document that is separate from the specification of the feature itself (as with feature code 4 above), both specifications should be listed.

7. References

7.1. Normative References

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- [CPLUSPLUS] International Organization for Standardization, "Programming languages - C++", ISO/IEC 14882:2020, Sixth Edition, December 2020, <<https://www.iso.org/standard/79358.html>>.
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7.2. Informative References

- [RFC7493]

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